to epprise them of the removal was evidently intentional. The remains were removed straibily and at night, with the cartainty that the outrage, if auti-pated, would have been averted by an injunction night, with the carfainty has the during, but all pated, would have been awarted by an injunction from the Courts; in which case its perpetrators would have been unable to take advantage of their own wrong, by inserting in the je ition that the vaults were all empty! We have been informed that vaults belonging to other families have been pillaged in the same way. For this we cannot vouch; but the facts in the one case which we have stated are unquestionable; and we should be sorry to believe that there is any society, civilized or uncivilized, heathen or Christian, in which such thines are suffered to pass without rebuke. In a community where there is no fear of sacrilege, no regard for sanctity, no respect for legal rights, what security can there be for the remains of the dead? What reason have we to believe that they will be suffered to repose in peace a moment after it suits the purposes of e in peace a moment after it suits the purposes of 'ty and avarice to disturb them?

-The Republicans of the IIId Assembly District held a meeting last night, at No. 462 Canal street, for the purpose of organizing a Campaign Club. A num-ber of names were entered upon the roll, a temporary organization was formed, and the meeting adjourned till Saturday, to complete a permanent working organ-

THE NEW FACULTY OF ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE.-The following is a correct list of the new Faculty of St.

John's College:
Rev. Augustus J. Thebaud. President: Rev. William Gockeln. Vice-President: Rev. Aug. Reguler. Treasurer; Rev. Manice Romayne, Professor of Rhetorte; Rev. L. Jouin, Rev. Jos. Vetter, Professors of Philosophy; Rev. John Aubier, Professor of Natural Philosophy, Rev. Michael Mesgher, Professor of Humanities.

House of Exercises, formerly the Seminary: Very Rev. R. J. Tellier; Rev. Issuere Deubresse, Pastor; Rev. and Mignard, Assistant; Rev. B. O'Reilly.

The classes will open at St. John's College, Fordhsm, on Thursday, Sept. 6.

THE UNION FERRY COMPANY. To the Editor of The N. V. Tribune.

Siz: It appears, by this morning's paper, that the Six: It appears, by this morning e paper, that the Union Ferry Company contemplate great alterations and improvements at the Fulton Ferry; which, doubtless, are much needed. But the inhabitants of Brooklyn who cross at the Hamilton Ferry will bear testimony to the truth of my assertion, that improvements are needed much more there, especially on the Brooklyn side. The premises are shamefully dirty, inconvenient, and cramped, and have been so, notwithstanding the large number who cross there, and are sufferers thereby. In rainy and oald weather, there is no place where gentlemen who do not like tobacco ancks can be made comfortable while waiting for like tobacco ancke can be made comfortable while waiting for the boat. The smallest bosts are run upon this ferry, although a larger number cross here than at any other, except the Fulton Ferry. Occasionally, the Ferry Company promise to remedy these faults, when the public complain; but, when the mutterings are over, they maintain the same do nothing policy. Last Fall (I think in September), at a meeting of the South Brooklyn Improvement Association, Mr. Stramshan, a Director of the Union Ferry Company, gave his pledge, upon his honor as a member of the Beard of Directors, that the improvements in question should be made, whether Mr. Blake (a gentleman who disputes the right to the landing) consented or not, or until they were compelled to stop. What has become of Mr. Stramshan—his promises—his honor? The misances of the ferry-house continue. One would think that Mr. Stramshan would be interested from pecuniary considerations. If his honor was not in question. larger number cross here than at any other, except the Fulton from pecuniary considerations, if his honor was not in question, to have his refuntary promises fulfilled, as his large property must suffer from the continuance of this nuisance.

SOUTH BROOKLYN.

POLICE RECORD FOR THE WEEK.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 6, 1000. SIMEON DUAPER, caq., President of the Board of Commissioner. of Public Charities and Corrections.

DEAR Stat: The following is a list of persons ar-

rested by the police and committed at the several Districts, for examination on charges of interication, disorderly conduct, and vagrancy, during the week ending Sept. 5; together with the number discharged by the magistrates, and the complaints dismis-ed also, the number remaining in prison, Sept. 5

No received during the week......10 No. discha red complaint dismissed 33
No. committed in full. 5

SUFFICIATED BY THE CAVING IN OF A DRAIN, SUFFOCATED BY THE CAVING IN OF A DRAIN.—
corner O'Eser's held an inquest yesterday, at Bellevue Hospital, on the body of Patrick Hogan, an Itishman, 49 years old,
who was suffocated on Tuesday hast by the sudden caving in of a
trench, at the bottom of which he was at work, with others,
laying pipes, in Thirty-third street, near Broadway. At first,
daycased was but partially buried, and could have been easily
rescoed, but the crowd that collected about the edge of the
trench broke the earth away a second time, and the unfortunate
man was completely covered. A quarter of an hour passed before he could be rescued, and he died immediately. Verdict in
accordance with the facts, and the Jury severely censured the
contractor for not properly securing the sides of the excavation.

ALLEGED LARCENY OF MONEY .- Yesterday an ice-ALLEGED LARCENY OF MONEY.— Feetermy and it dealer, mared Michael Waish, was arrested, on a charge of sting park-bills and silver to the amount of #83, from Will Hussey, cf No. 36 Oliver street. It appears that early on Wedd day merning Waish delivered some ice at the place of Huss and while in the house he approached the bar where the my was concealed, at dremmined there for several minutes. At he was gone the loss of the money was discovered, and Hussed the arrest of Waish, on suspicion of having stolen it.

BOLD STEZET ROBDERY,—About 7½ o'clock on Wednesday evening. Mrs. Maseder residing at No. 155 West Fourteent street, was passing through Sixth avenue near Fourteenth street, when a young rascal known as Jacob Colston ran pand in an instant snatubed a reticule from her arm and field. An alarm was raised, whereupon several gentlemen gave chasend succeeded in arresting the fugitive, when they passed to the castody of Officer Christopher of the Ninth Ward Police. The reticule, which contained about \$25 in cash and other valuables, was found in possession of the prisoner. The accused was taken before Justice Quackenbush, and locked up for trial. It is alleged that Colston some time since stole a gold watch from the cabin of a vessel lying in the North River.

BERNID TO DEATH -A colored girl, named Pho De Raid to Thairs — A colored girl, named l'ho-nette Brown, four years of age, died yesterday in the New-York Hospital from hipuries received the previous day. She took a can of camphene from a shelf during her mother's absence, and threw some of it on the fire. Her nother took fire, and she burned to deeth. Coroner Jackman held the inquest. Verdict, actid-ntal death.

RUN OVER .- In Bellevue Hospital, yesterday, James O'Erien, an Iriahman, sged 23, died from injuries received the 3d by being run over by a wagon between Williamsbur and Newtown. L. He fell from his own vehicle, and was jured by another wagon alongwide. Coroner O'Keefe held inquest. Verdict, "Accidental death."

PRISONERS SURRENDERED.—Themas Commingham and Patrick McNeary recently arrested for passing counterfelt neares, paying been surrendered by their bondsman, were re-arrested and taken before the magistrate at the Tombs, who committed them for trial.

BLASTING ACCIDEST IN FIFTH AVENUE .- About So'cleck on Wednesday morning Thos. Cornell, who resides in Fifth average, at the corner of Ninety-fourth street, was blasting a rock eight blocks down the avence, when he was struck by a flying fragment and dangerously injured. A policeman conveyed in house

GURNEY'S GALLERY. No. 707 Broadway.
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MINISTERATIONS IN CIL. and DAGGERAROTTPES.

[Advertisement]
24 PHOTOGRAPHS \$1. By Holnes's New Inv. No. 396 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]
LONDON CLUB SAUCE. This Sauce, colebrated throughost Europe, and warmly commended by the celebrated French culainter Soyer, posses as unrivated richness and delicacy of taste, imparting a relist: surpassed by all other Sauces to ready-made dishes. Its flavor most agreeable, and no one accustomed to its use would care sit at a table loaded with the richest viands without it. Chear and superior to all other Sauces, one has only to try it to test superiority.

and superior to all other Samon, up. Branker, No. 15 Beek-Ban-et., Agent for the United States. Mothers, with Children, can obtain PhrenoLog

n'ermittent Fever, or Fever and Agne, Remittent Fever, Dumb Agne, Periodical Headache, or Billous Headache, and Billous Fever, Indeed for the whole class of discuss originating in Billous Derangement, caused by the Malaris of Missmetic Countries.

Fever indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in Billiers berangement, carsed by the Maiaris of Missenstic Constries.

Constries.

No me remedy is londer called for by the necessities of the American people than a sure and safe cure for Fever and Ages. Such we are now enabled to offer, with a perfect certainty that it will eradicate the disease, and with assurance, founded on proof, that no harm can arise from its use in any quantity.

That which protects from or prevents that disorder must be of imme are service in the communities where it prevails. Prevention is better than cure, for the patient escapes its risk which he must run in violent attacks of this baleful distemper. This "Cura" expels the missuic poisin of Favura and Asure from the system, and prayents the development of the disease, if taken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms. It is not only the best remedy ever yet discovered for this class of complaints, but also the cheape t. The large quantity we supply for a dellar brugs it within the reach of everybody; and is billions districts, where Favura and Asure prevails, everybody should have it and use it freely both for our and prevention. A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain our of Intermittents is, that it contains no quintic or mir eval, consequently it produces no quintum or other injorious effects whetever upon the constitution. These curred by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the discase.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., Editor of The Scalpel, and Operating and Consulting Surgeon, No. 42 5th.au Office consultations on the more obscurf discusses of the pairtiescers. Rupture, Piles, Varioccele, and Fusula, radically cared without the fuffe or ligature. Office hours from 2 to 9, 1 to 2 and 7 to 9 agains.

THE PRINCE OF WALES AT GURNEY'S GALLERY.
The only correct likeness in the United States of his Royd.
Highness the Prince of Wales, on exhibition at GURNEY'S Gallery.
Coptes for Salz.

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT CAMPAIGN

The First Assembly District Camprign Club held a meeting last evening at their head-quarters, corner of Murray street and College Place. The rooms were

crowded and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed.

A. J. Williamson, President of the Club, occupied the chair, and J. P. Boyce acted as Secretary. FA communication was received from the Republican Central Committee inviving the Club to attend the great ratification meeting to be held on the 13th. The invitation was accepted and a Committee appointed to

invitation was accepted and a Committee appointed to make the necessary arrangements.

The President then introduced ELLIOTT F. Sherard, eq., of the Eighteenth Ward, who proceeded to address the meeting on the issues of the campaign. His address was spirited, and was received with much applause. Mr. Joseph Center was the next speaker. He also reviewed the issues of the crisis in a forcible and homely way. He was particularly merry over the Bell-Everetts and their attempted sale of their party to Douglas and Johnson. He paid his respects to W. Hunt in his late attempts to sell out his friends, while he diverted attention by loud professions of saving the Union and putting down agitation. He thought the fusion a very lucky thing for the Bell-Everetts, for it would conceal the smallness of their numbers.

The Hon. Chas. S. Spencer then entertained the meeting with a sirring address. He gave a glowing description of the wealth of the crops of the West, through which he had just been traveling. He had been through the State which was the home of the fu-ture President of the country, Abraham Lincoln. [Cheers.] That glorious State was the fit representative of Free Labor, for the new census would make her the fourth State in the Union, and give her more mem-bers of Congress than the old State of Virginia, which led the Union 75 years ago, when no white child had been born in Illinois. He was assured in the West that the West was all right, and that the only State in that the West was an light, and which the Democrate had a ghost of a chance was Indiana. But they inquired eagerly about New-York. He laughed at them. Mr. Spencer said that he could see no difference between Douglas and Breckinridge. He could illustrate their position only by a remark made by a colored preacher at a camp meeting, who said, "Bredderen, dere are but two roads; one of em leads to hell, an'de oder leads to damnation." [Loud laughter.] Mr. Spencer continued, and concluded amid vociferous applause.

At the close the following resolutions were unanimously passed:

Resolved, That we heartly inderse the renomination of Monoraly and CAMPBEL for the high offices which they have so honorably filled for the past two years, and that we pledge correlves to give them the support due to honest and faithful public services.

vice.

Resolved, That we in like manner approve and inderse the nomination of SANURI H. BARNER for Canal Commissioner and James K. Bates for Inspector of State Prisons, as candidates worthy of the support of the Republican party, and that we will use all honorable means to elect the whole ticket. The meeting separated at a late hour with cheers for Lincoln and Hamlin and the State candidates.

ARMY AND NAVY INTELLIGENCE.

Two army Courts-martial are ordered, one at Washington and the other at St. Louis, Mo. The former is to try Lieut. Drysdale, 3d Artillery, Whiting of the 5th Infantry.

An importent change in the administration of the ordnance of the navy is looked for. Troops for Carlisle left New-York a few days since,

and arrived all well at their destination. Carlisle is now garrisoned by about 250 mounted men. There are over 300 recruits and others on Gov-

ernor's Island. A large batch of soldiers is to leave this city in a few weeks for Texas, to re-inforce the Companies

serving there. Commander Foote, during he absence on vacation of Fiag-officer Breeze, is acting Commandant of the Brooklyn Yard.

The term of service of the U.S. ships Sabine and Savannah now on the home station has expired. Unless the state of affairs in Central America continues to remain unsettled they will be home in a few weeks. The Savannah is already detached.

Capt. Gansevoort, of the Navy-Yard, expects to have the Cumberland's battery complete, and of the first class, in a week or two.

More ships are ordered to be fitted out. The steamers Mississippi and Fulton, and the corvette Cumberland, will be overhauled without delay. The Mississippi is at Boston; the Cumberland is expected here every day from Portsmouth, N. H. Notwithstanding the disclaimers of the authorities, naval people expect a fight comewhere. The list of ships preparing, is now as fol-

Corvette Jamestown, at Philadelphia.
Corvette Saratoga, at Philadelphia.
Steamer Pawmee, at Philadelphia.
Corvette Germantown, at Norfoli.
Steamer Richmond, at Norfoli.
Steamer Richmond, at Norfolk.
Steamer Misstasippi, at Boston. Steamer Pensecols, at Norfolk.
Steamer Missisppi, at Boston.
Steamer Fulton, at Pensacola, to be about rel
Corrette Cumberiand, at Portsmouth......

As the Wabash could under no circumstances be ready for commission before the 1st of March, 1861, we omit her name.

middies" transferred to the Constitution.

The Plymouth, whose arrival at Hampton roads, was vesterday announced by telegraph, will probably be put out of commission at once, and her crew and

A Newport correspondent gives some gossip concerning a garden, a gardener, and a novelist:

One of the greatest curiosities I have seen for a long time is the orchard-house of the Hon. William B. Lawrence of this city. The system of culture is, I believe, rather new in this country. The house is a lean-to 300 feet long, built in the most substantial manner. The entire house is heated by hot-water pipes, and is divided by glass partitions into sections of 30 feet each. divided by glass partitions into sections of 30 feet each. Here one can easily fancy he is enjoying tropical life, for he has the heat of the tropics for the entire year, and their fruits, such as pineapples, apricots, filberts, figs bananas, together with a great abundance and variety of the fruit of more northern climes, such as strawberries, pears, peaches, cherries, &cc. All these fruits are growing in pots; and what is most remarkable, the pots are simply filled with mose gathered from the woods. Some of the trees grow in hanging bankets, which, I believe, was original with Mr. Alfred Chamberlain, who has the care of the house. Mr. 3. formerly had the eare of the garden of Sir Lytton Bulwer, the novelist, who lived seven miles out of Lonwer, the novelist, who lived seven miles out of Lon don. His account is, that 'Bulwer was accustomed to come and spend an hour or two with him in the garwith all his might. The pots and baskets are generally small, and filled with moss, and, with the trees trained in every imaginable shape, some of them laden with the choicest fruit, present a picture of the laden with

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange FEFT. 6. SECOND HOARD.

Copper Falls M. Co. 18

market this morning, and material advances were established for nearly all of the leading Railway stocks. There was less bammering than for some time past, and the market, left to its natural course, came up quickly with the removal of the pressure which has been a marked feature of the operations for several weeks. New-York Central opened at 841, and was taken freely at the price, and at the close of the call was in demand at 847. Hudson River went up to 577. an advance of a upon the closing price of yesterday, is in part owing to the increasing business of the road, and partly to the movements toward a reorganization of the concern, which are in progress. The Wisconsin roads will all find full employment in the movement of a crop which has never been equaled in that State. The Bond market was firmer, with a well-distributed inquiry. Michigan Southern 2d Mortgage advanced to 641, and at the close were held at 65. Chicago & North-Western 1st Mortgage sold at 601, and for the 2d Mortgage, which yesterday bid. At the Second Board a large business was transacted, and a further advance took place, nearly everything quoted showing great firmness. After the adert the tone was steady, and the tendency was to higher prices at the close of the day. The last sales of New-York Central were at 85, which was bid freely afterwards. The closing prices were: For United States 5s. '74, 103 @ 103; Tennessee State 6s, 901 @ 91; Virginia State 6e, 91@911: Missouri State 6a,811@ 811: Canton Company, 19; Pacific Mail, 831 2834; New-York Central Railroad, 85 @ 851; Erie Railroad, 281@281; Hudson River Railroad, 571@58; Harlem Railroad, 177 218; Harlem Railroad Pref., 451 245]; Reading Railroad, 461 2461; Michigan Central Railroad, 71 2711; Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad, 217 w 211; Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Guaranteed, 461 @ 461; Panama Railroad, 126 2 1261; Illinois Central Railroad, 861 2 861; Galena and Chicago Railroad, 791 2791; Cleveland and Toledo Railroad, 451@452; Chicago and

Quincy Railroad, 88 2 881; Delaware and Hudson Capal Co., 911@92. The market for foreign bills is very dull, and draw ers have made some concessions to effect sales. The supply of outside bills is increasing, and bills lading, sterling have been sold as low as 107 @ 1071 & cent. Very good commercial sterling is sold at 109 @ 1091. Bankers ask 1091, with a brokerage off. Francs are also lower. The very best signatures are 5.14 net, and commercial names have sold at 5.171.

Rock Island Railroad, 79 2791; Chicago, Burl. and

In Freights, to Liverpool, 18 000 bush. Wheat in bags at 131d.; 11,000 bbls. Flour at 4s.; 50 bales Cotton at id; per steamer, 1,000 bxs. Cheese at 60s., and 300 firkins Butter at 65s. To London, 7,500 bbls. Flour at 4s; 10,000 bush. Wheat on private terms. A ship to Liverpool with 17 000 bush. Wheat at 14d. A vessel to Cette, and thence to Sicily and back, on private terms. A brig of 300 tuns to South Side of Cuba and back with Sugar at 40s., and Molasses at \$3; and a vessel of 200 tuns to North Side of Cuba and back with Sugar at 40s., and Molasses at \$3.

The business of the Sub-Treasury was: Receipts, \$137,803 35-for Customs, \$125,000; Payments, \$181,-144 50; Balance, \$5,562,393 34.

The shipment by the Saturday steamer will not probably be as large as was anticipated in consequence of the duliness of exchange. Money continues to work easier, and paper has been passed | + cent below the highest rates of last week. The supply of money both on demand and on paper is abundant, at the advanced rates. Call loans are 6 27 F cent, and gilteeged paper 61 27 P cent for short, and 7 28 P cent for long. The Sub-Treasury sent a quarter of a million of gold dollars to Philadelphia yesterday, to be recoined into double eagles. The Mint is now ready for work, and will proceed to recoin the two millions authorized by the Secretary. The Michigan Southern Directors have not closed their session. Before they adjourn, some satisfactory arrangement will be made as to the interest upon the second mortgage bonds.

The passenger receipts of the Indianapolis and Cincirnati Road for August were \$18,400, against \$14,018 for the same month last year, being an increase of some \$3,600. The freight earnings will also show a hand-

The earnings of the Dayton and Michigan Railroad for August will, it is understood, show a gain of between \$2,000 and \$3,0000 over the July statement.

The Ohio and Mississippi will show a falling off ben compared with August, 1859.

The freight statistics of the Illinois Central for the first eight months this year, as compared with the first

ight months of 1859, are as follows: 787,424 2,315 843,876 184,425 17,216 67,188 Total (reducing flour to bush.) . . 5,842,403 1,570,597

The grain carried the last four months of 1859 was argely in excess of the first eight months-1,570,597 bushels in the eight months, and 2,633,407 bushels in four months from Sept. 1. In the single month of August this year the Illinois Central forwarded 1,231,966 bushels of grain, and 20,770 barrels of flour, or equal to ore-third of the amount of flour, and within 3,000 bushels of the total quantity of grain shipped in the first eight months of 1859.
Official report of earnings of the Michigan Southern

and Northern Indiana Railroad Co. for August: \$151,070 26

and the sales are stated to reach 300,000 bush. Freights are firm, and room scarce at the current quotations. Ships are firmly held, and prices recembling old Cali-

fornia times are demanded.

The Germania Fire Insurance Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 6 F cent, payable on the 10th inst. We have received from Albert H. Nicolay, Auctioneer and Stock-Broker, his semi-monthly price current of stocks and bonds, giving the latest quotations of securities as well as other information, copies of which can be obtained at the office, No. 52 William street, gratuitously. Mesars. Whitehouse, Son & Morison of this city, are offering for sale some bonds of the city of Mobile, bearing interest at the rate of 8 F cent per annum, and the principal reimbursable at various dates from 1875 to 1885-both payable at the Merchants' Bank, New-York, the former semi-annu-

ally. These bonds are a portion of an issue of \$1,000,000 by the city of Mobile to the Mobile and Great Northern Railroad, authorized by a special act of the Legislature of Alabama, and confirmed by the popular vote of the people of Mobile. The faith of the city is pledged for the prompt payment of the interest, and the redemption of the principal at maturity, the law empowering the issue of bonds providing for raising, by taxacion, an annual sum of \$95,000, to be paid into the Bank of Mobile, and used for the purpose of redemption, said provision to be continued until such time as the Company shall be able to make the same provision from the surplus revenues of the road. The road for which these bonds are issued is intended to connect the city of Mobile with the Alabama and Florida road near Fort Crawford, the proposed janction of the Mobile and Girard Railroad, and by the route adopted, the city of Mobile will be connected with all the proposed railroad extension, from Montgomery, Selms, Columbus, and Eufavia, and will make the Mobile and Great Northern road the trunk line of four important railways to the Gulf. The whole length of the road will be 67 miles, of which 47 were under contract at the date of the last report of the Company in April last.

Entered for Consumption. \$40,504,501 \$18.59. 1859. 1860. Entered for Consumption. \$45,604,911 \$1818,97.269 \$11.270,269 Entered for Warehousing. 17,231,440 26,173,802 29,560,431 \$18.590,652 13.50,652 19,316,231. Specie and Bullion. 1,823,340 1,642,501 891,938 Total entered at the port . \$99,914.557 \$131,100.58f \$168,538,579 Withdrawn from W'house 28,192.515 17,406,863 21,234,755 4,979,108 2,420,115

The Montour Iron Company works were sold at auc-

Clay, esq., for a party of gentlemen already largely interested in the Company, for \$100,000, of which \$20,000 was paid in cash to the auctioneers when the property was struck off.

New-Orleans for the year ending July 31, 1860, were:

Pravious yest..... The toll receipts from the Ohio canals and turnpikes during the month of August, 1860, was \$43,024; tolls

for the same mouth last year, \$22,694 13; increase,

The following statement in reference to the finances of Missouri will be found interesting:

Ratiroids. in 2 mill tax collected in December next, including senses, estimates based on revenue of past four years.
One nill special tax for interest.
Bank tax appropriated to interest fund.
Estimated revenue from last year.

130,000-1,220,000 Apparent deficiency..... \$145,000

opposed to any increase of the State debt. The Pacific Read-the only road now in progress of construction-

To Hamburg (Dry Goods)...... Dutch W. Indies..... \$31,230 3,090,216 #8 191 466

The exports of Cotton Goods from Boston, as per The Shipping List, from Aug. 24 to Aug. 31, have been as follows:

.....29,774 Total this year.....

Over 100,000 pkgs. Cotton goods have been sent out of the country since January, which has reduced the stocks to such moderate amounts that, in absence of a vigorous demand for export, no accumulation exists. The general trade of the week has not been as large as reviously reported, but it has been quite satisfactory. The tone of the market is buoyant, and all parties are hopeful. The prices of all styles of cotton goods are steady, and the firmness hitherto reported is maintained. In many styles of bleached and brown cottons great scarcity prevails, and we observe a tendency to higher rates. Printing cloths are firm, and in some cases high prices have been paid for 64x64; but the low counts, from 56x56 and below that grade, have been offered at a reduction.

There is no doubt but the manufacturers of low Print Cloths should reduce the production by directing their looms to some other fabric. Those parties making 52x56 should make 60x64 picks goods, which can be done with little expense, or that which would be better, they should change the sley entirely. Some mills are making narrower goods on wide looms; these could be changed to advantage by producing 37-inch goods, which are wanted. We believe that we shall have a depressed Printing Cloth market as soon as the great printers have completed their mills for the production of their own cloths, which are in some instances nearly finished. The Western market has been active, and all good styles of cloths have found a ready sale. The manufacturers are at present engaged on the new samples for Spring sales, and will be in the market for orders next month.

The annexed statistics are from the annual report of

The New-Orleans Shipping List:
Table Showing the product of Low Middling to Good Middling
Cotton, taking the average of each entire year for ten year,
suith the receipts at New-Orleans, and the total crop of the

Yr. U States | Foreign | Crop. Supply | Total | tion in | tion in | Total | Europe | U States | Supply | 707.29,941,000 8,843,000 38,284,000 31,545,000 6,289,000 37,884,000

A TABLE showing the receipts of the principal articles from the Interior, during the year ending 81st August, 1860, with their

Butter, kegs and firkins..... Cheese, boxes.... Cancles, boxes.... Coal, Western, ba Dried Appies & Pea Teathers, bass | Formagn | Company | Comp Skins, deer, packs..... Shot, kegs..... Sosp, box.s. Staves, M.... Shingles, M.
Spanish Moss, bales.
Tallow, barrish
Tobacco, Leaf, hogsbeads.
Tobroco, Strips, hogsbeads.
Tobroco, Stems, hogsbeads.
Tobroco, Chew, kegs and bxs
Twine, bundles and boxes.
Vinear, barrish 3,508 1,206 3,758 185,042 13,116

Markets-Carefully Reported for The N. Y. TRIBUNE.

Vinegar, barrels.
Wool, bags.
Whisky, barrels.
Wheat, sacks.
Other various articles est'd at

ASHES—The inquiry for both kinds is limited, at \$5 25 for Pots, and \$5 56; for Pearls.

COTTON—There is more doing; sales of 1,200 bales; prices are steady; we quote at 10½c, for Middling Uplands, and 11c. for do Guil.

COFFEE is very dull; we only hear of sales 125 bags St. Domingo at 12½c. COFFEE is very dult; we only hear of sales 125 bags St. Domings at 174c.

CANDLES—Adamantine are in fair request, but as most of the works have been working short time during the Summer months, the supply is inadequate to the demand, and prices consequently tend upward. Holders of prime city brands are now minnly demanding 18c, in view of the enhanced cost of the raw material, and no good 14 onnoe city made can be obtained short of 17c, even by the quantity; indeed the principal sgents are in-different sellers unless at our extreme figures. Occasionally, however, job lots of inferior brands which have been bought low, are obtained from second bands at slightly lower rates, but such incidents cannot be regarded as a criterion of the market. Specific (French imitation) are in moderate request at 250 25c, in boxes and cases. Sperm and Patent are in limited demand at 36 35c of the former, and 450 13c, for the latter. Fluide patent command 50 36 1c.

mand 59:351c.

FLOUR AND MFAL.—The demand for Western State Flour is exceedingly active, chiefly for export, and with moderate articles, and a reduced stock, prices 50:10c, better; the deniand is quite general, and all kinds have improved prices tandmand is quite general, and all kinds have improved prices tandmand is quite general, and all kinds have improved prices tandmand is quite general, and all kinds have improved prices tandmand is quite general, and all kinds have improved prices tandmand in the second prices tandmand in the low grades of for Superfine Western, \$5.50.0 to for the low grades of for Superfine Western, \$5.50.0 to for Extra Chio, \$6.25.0 to chipping brands of Round Hoop Extra Chio, \$6.25.0 to shipping brands of Round Hoop Extra Chio, \$6.25.0 to shipping brands of Round Hoop Extra Chio, \$6.25.0 to shipping brands of Round Hoop Extra Chious Extras. Canadian Flour is better, and is in good demand for the bome and Eastern trade, and is more plenty; sales of 1,500.0 bis, at \$6.25.0 to 7.50 to Extras. Southern Flour is also better, and in good demand for the trade and the West Indies; old is the most sought after, and is in reduced supply; sales of 6,700 bits at \$6.10.0 to \$7.50 for mixed to good brands of Rollimore, &c., and \$6.40.0 to \$7.50 for the better grades. Rye Flour is timer, and the demand fair; sales of \$60 bits at \$5.50.0 to \$7.50 for Meal is excroe, and wanted; sales of \$50 bits, at \$5.25.0 to Meal is excroe, and wanted; sales of \$50 bits, at \$5.25.0 to Tendenta No. 3 Mass. \$5.50.0 to Tendenta No. 2 and \$1.25.7 to \$1.7 for small and large No. 1. Herring remain quiet, yet teady. ORAIN—The Wheat market is excited, and is very extivative, the demand chiefly for export and FLOUR AND MEAL-The demand for Western State Flour

HOPS—Prices of new are firm; eases of 30 axes at Navaca, 1889 are in good demand, and prices are steady; sales of ables at 10 215c. Old are quiet, and in the absence of sales prices are nominal.

HAY—The demand is fair for shipping, and the market is firm; sales of 1,700 beles at 10 200c. \$\psi\$ 100 fb.

LEATHER—The demand is moderate for Hemicok and Oak Sole; prices are unchanged; we quote at 12 200c. fs Light and Middle weights Hemicok.

LIME—The demand for Rockland is modarate; sales of 600 bbls. Common at 70c and 270 bbls. Lemp at \$1 \pi bbl.

MOLASSES is quiet; we do not hear of any important calce, NAVAL STORES—Spirits Turpentine is in fair request, and prices are higher; sales of 250 bbls, in merchant-bile order, at 300c, and 10 cl. for straight, and 345 do. at 60c. \$\psi\$ 500 New York bbls. at 400c. for straight, and 345 do. at 60c. \$\psi\$ 500 New York bbls. at 400c. for straight, and 345 do. at 60c. \$\psi\$ 500 New York bbls. at 400c. for straight, and 345 do. at 60c. \$\psi\$ 500 New York bbls. at 400c. for straight, and 345 do. at 60c. \$\psi\$ 500 New York bbls. at 400c. for straight, and 345 do. at 60c. \$\psi\$ 500 New York bbls. at 400c. for straight, and 345 do. at 61c. \$\psi\$ 500 New York bbls. at 400c. for straight, and 345 do. at 61c. \$\psi\$ 500 New York bbls. at 400c. for straight, and 345 do. at 61c. \$\psi\$ 500 New York bbls. at 400c. do. at \$100c. at 400c. \$\psi\$ 500c. and its 3cc. and 100c. at \$100c. at 100c. at

Total by all Rostes, Sept. 6, 1860,—14,973 bbis. Flow, 4 bbis. Corn Meal, 95,907 brash. Wheat, 8,200 brash. Oata, 81,28 brash. Corn. 186 brash. Rye, 355 pkgs. Provisions, 22 pkgs. Ashes 720 pkgs. Whibky, 241 bags Seed.

LAW INTELLIGENCE

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS OFFICE-SEPT. 6. Before Commissioner BRIDGHAM.
THE DA COSTA BALL CASE,

It is stated that the trial of Henrico Da Coeta will be involved in some difficulty. It appears that the principal witness sgainst the accused is Capt. Abram Delane, with whom it is charged Da Costa made the bargain for a vessel for the slave trade. At the time of Da Costa's second arrest, a few weeks trade. At the time of Da Costa's second arrest, a few weeks ago, on the bark Kate. Capt. Delano was here in this city. No provision having been made for his subsistence while here, the Captain, it is said, has left for a trading voyage of many mentle, and cannot be here if the case is called at the next term. How far Dr. Costa can avail himself of this absence is a question, inas-much as his escaping in the first instance delayed the trial. The matter may be, however, an obstacle in the speedy trial of the

THE ALLEGED MURDER ON BOARD THE SHIP FIDELIA.

matter may be, however, an dostace in the specy tests were case.

The Lifeged Murder on Board the Ship Fidelia.

The United States vz. S. W. Benedict and David Fergason. The examination into this case proceeded at 12 o'clock. The first witness testified as follows:

John W Smith-1 shipped in the Fidelia, as a seaman, from New York to Liverpool; I recognize the prisoners as the first and second officers of the ship. It was admitted that the ship was an American vessel. I remember an afray which took place on the deck in July, shortly after we left Liverpool.

That it was Thursday right, the 12th of July, about 12th o'clock. I was between the man who jumped overboard and the prisoner, I don't know the name of the man that jumped overboard, the prisoner and he were quarreling when I came on deck a little after 12; Benedict then ordered us to heave on the espesian; I did so; they heaved a little, and he then sang out to stop heaving; he (Benedict) then stepped up to the man who jumped overboard, accosted him with an eath, and struck him several times in the face; then he gave the order to heave again, and when the man leaned to the bar he kicked him; he sten said, "That will do; the Port watch go below."

This man then went down the main-deck of the toppallast forecastle, as it was his watch below; then Benedict tool the other prisoner to keep that fellow off deck to haul in all the stack chain by himself; the second mate then called out, "Where is this man!" and he answered, "I am here, wasning the blood off me;" the second mate, having a handsylke in his hand, hove it at him from the topgallast forecastle; I can't say whether it struck the man or not; it did not sound as if it struck against a hard substance, but against something soft.

The second mate picked up another handspike and sang out to the main deck and the man ran toward the port gangwy. The chile mate, Benedict, went along on top of the house and mot the man as he was on the ladder to the poop deck. The man as the wheel sang out "A man overhoemed." T

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—SEPT. 6.—Before Judge BETTS.

THE SLAVER W. B. KIBBY.

Up to the close of office hours to-day, the counsel for the alleged Spanish owners of the condemned slaver W. R. Kibby had filed no claim against the vessel.

MARINE COURT-TRIAL TERN-SEPT. 6.-Before Justice

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TREE—SET. 4.—Before Justice ALERA

A BREACH OF PRONISE CASE.

Rachel Kirschein agt. Benjamin Bernstein.

The plaintiff seeks to recover damages for breach of promise of marriage on the part of the defendant. (The evidence of the plaintiff disclosed that the promise was given set the 7th of May last, that the defendant made plaintiff presents of ornaments and money.

The plaintiff sounced in his opening remarks observed that they did not bring this suit for filthy lucre, but for the purpose of exposing the conduct of the defendant, who could thus triffe with the affections of a lady who had confided in his honor and his promises. The excuse made by the defendant was that he did not get \$100 promised to him if he got married.

The case is still on.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—SEPT. 6.—Before Justice PIERREPORT.

PARTNERSHIP DISACREEMENTS.

Theophile Kock act L. Cantel.

This motion for an injunction and receiver is made by one partner against the other, the time of the partnership not having expired.

The ground alleged is want of harmony in its business, quarrels between the parties, and failure of profits. The defendant denies that the business is not prosperous, and denies any difficulties in the business, except an occasional dispute. I see as sufficient ground, or examination of the whole case, to interfere by injunction, or to appoint a receiver. Motion denies, with \$10 costs.

SUPREME COURT-SPECIAL TREE. -SEPT. 6.

SUPREME COURT—SPRICIALTERN,—SEPT. 6.

Before Justice Ingranam.

The People, &c., ex rel. Patrick Lynch and others agt. The Board of Aldermen of the City of New-York.

A motion was made on the part of the Board of Aldermen that the peremptory writ of mandames issued and of Sept. the opened and set saide, as it appeared that the writ did not correspond with the alternative writ. The alternative writ commanded them to take action upon the award of contract, the peremptory writ to act upon and conferm. Counsel stated that is was not proposed on return of the alternative writ to dispute the right of the relators to a peremptory writ requiring the Board to take action on the subject, but that the power of the Court to order the Board to conferm, or in any way to direct what the action should be, was denied. He read from the peremptory writ to show that it did not correspond with the alternative writ to show that it did not correspond with the alternative writing that important particular.

to show that it did not correspond to show that it points in portrain particular. It be opened. Counsel for the relators claimed the right to a writ ordering the contract confirmed. Judge Ingraham said he doubted the power of the Court, but he would hear argument on that point on the Ith inst, and that a denurrer or return might be interposed before that time if counsel desired.

For the Beard of Aldermen, H. H. Anderson, for the relators, ex Judge Whiting.

CHAMBERS—SEPT. 6.—Before Justice INGRAHAM.

CHAMBERS—SEPT. 6.—Before Justice Inserials.

POSTFONENENT OF THE KRUGG HABRES CORPUS—
THE CASE OF THE TEXAS LAND FRAUDS.

The Krugg habeas corpus, which was set down for today, was postponed until next week on application of the counselfor the relator, in consequence of absence of witnesses.

The case of Messiras et al. agt. Stillman et al. came up for settlement of the order this morning, but the decision having been made by Justice Sutherland, who is now out of town, Justice Ingraham suggested a postponement until next Monday, which was acceeded to. graham suggested a postpon is accorded to.

Wm. S. Sears agt. John R. Brady.-Leave gran to plaintiff to renew this motion on the papers for the Monday of September, at 12 m.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—THURSDAY, SHPT. 6.—
Before Judge RUSSELL.

Thomas Dolan and Hugh Hardy were found guilty of breaking into a store on the 18th July, and stealing thirteen begs of cats. Dolan was sentenced to two and Hardy to three years in the State Prison.

Jumes Waters, forgery in the second degree, in passing two counterfeit \$5 on the evening of the 18th of August. The first was received for drinks by a bartender at No. 115 Chailhan street, and the next a counterfeit was presented at No. 314 Chail street. The bills were good imitations of bills of the Stall's Head Sank of this city. Sentenced to the State Prison for five years. William Jones and Henry Geary pleaded guilty to an assault with intent to rob. Jones was sentenced to three and Geary to two years in the State Prison.

Thomas McCue pleaded guilty of petit largeny, and was sent to the Penitentiary for six months.

Adjourned till 11 e'eleck this morning.

FRETON, News Agent, Sevento, is agent for the sale of Triners. He occurres it by the Newspaper Express En 6 p. m.

Eachers, with Children call obtain I hardware to the trace Examinations, with charts and full written descriptions of charactet, by calling on Prof. Fowner, No. 308 Broadway, tom 9 s. n. to 6 p. m. Beside giving the true character, Prof. F. points out the calling or pursuit to which each person is best adapted. Also, how to govern and direct the infinds of children and porth. PATRICE.

There was a quick and earnest rally in the Stock

and Erie was in brisk demand at 27 # @27 #. The business on all three of these lines promises to exceed anticipations, during the Autumn and Winter months. September opens with the most flattering prospects. There was a better inquiry also for Harlem Common and Preferred shares, at an improvement in the quotations for each. The Western shares were quite animated, and, with the exception of Rock Island, higher. The most active movements were in Galena and To-ledo, but the demand for Illinois Central and Michigan Southern Guaranteed was spirited. The former jumped up to 85% on sales of but 400 shares, and the latter closed in request at 454. Michigan Central was steady at 701, and for Burlington and Quincy the market was firm without activity. There was a brisk inquiry for Milwaukee and Mississippi, which opened at 14 and closed at 141 bid. This improvement

EXPORTS from New York to Foreign Ports for eight months from January 1. 1859.

tion at Philadelphia on Tuesday, by order of the trustees. The entire property was purchased by Jos. A.

The operations of the United States branch mint at | Decrease in 1860. | \$1,673.434 |
| Coinage—Gold, II,100 pieces, value | \$154,000 |
| Silver, 4,075,000 do | 1,438,000 |
| Silver bars | 29,209

\$20,339 87. The Chicago Press and Tribune of Monday evening

caye:
The liberal shipments of produce during the past two days has supplied the market well with Eastern exchange, and rates are spain easier. The selling rate at the banks is $1 \neq 0$ cent premium, but round lots could be obtained at $1 \neq 0$ cent, and sales were made on the street at $\frac{1}{2} \neq 0$ cent. With the present receipts and electry of freight room. Eastern exchange will doubtless soon decline to $\frac{1}{2} \neq 0$ cent premium. There is a more active demand for currency, but the bankers are generally well supplied.

The following streament in reference to the invarious

RESOURCES OF MISSOURI applicable to the payment of the State interest in 1861, irrespective of any of the Earnings of the Railroads.

400 000- 625,000

In case none of the roads, other than the Hannibal and

St. Joseph, provide nothing. Of the last interest paid in July, there was provided by the roads \$120,000, beside the amount of \$90,000 paid by the Hannibal and St. Joseph Road. By law all the roads not providing the interest on the State bonds are forfeited to the State. The Pacific main line, North Missonri, and Iron Mountain Roads, have failed to pay, and these roads have about two-thirds of the State debt. It is supposed that the Legislature that meets in December will either declare these roads forfeited, and order them sold for the amount of the State lien, or make some arrangement to secure their earnings for the State interest fund. The net earnings of the Pacific Road last year were over \$300,000; both the other roads show considerable earnings above their expenses; and all of them are steadily increasing. Their earnings have been appropriated in extending and completing the roads. No more bonds (except the Guaranteed Bonds of the State) can be issued without the sanction of the next Legislature; and it is believed a very large majority of the membera elect are strongly